# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Fantastic Sam's Fantastic Smooth Smoothing Mousse



## Section 1. Identification

Product Name	: Fantastic Sam's Fantastic Smooth Smoothing Mousse
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Recommended use	: Hair Care Product
Restrictions on use	: Use only as directed on the product label.
Manufacturer	: Zotos International, INC 100 Tokeneke Road, Darien, CT 06820 www.zotos.com
Validation date	: 7/12/2016
In case of emergency	: (800) 584-8038 [24 Hours]
<u>Telephone number</u>	: (203) 656-7859 [8:30 a.m 5:00 p.m.]
Transportation Emergency	: Contact: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 [US/Canada 24 Hours]
Product type	: Aerosol.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Emergency overview**

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED. Additional information on toxicological endpoints is available from the supplier upon request

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 91.6%

 <b></b>

	•
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	<ul> <li>Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Fantastic Sam's Fantastic Smooth Smoothing Mousse

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	: Move affected person to fresh air.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash with plenty of soap and water.	
Ingestion	: NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED. Treat symptomatically. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: None.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 7/12/2016
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 0.01

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	-	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	<u>nt</u>	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **United States**

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures	:
Hygiene measures	: When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Consult local authorities for a	ccentable exposure limits

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Color	: White.
Odor	: Characteristic. Fragrance-like.
рН	: 5.7 to 7
Boiling point	: 78.333°C (173°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: >75°C (>167°F)
Relative density	: 1.01 to 125
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Foam
Heat of combustion	: 1.047 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

United States Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

		<u> </u>			
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	<u>/ (</u> :	<u>single exposure)</u>			
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	<u>/ (</u>	repeated exposure)			
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
•		al, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	÷	No specific data.			
Ingestion	÷	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	S	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects					
Not available.					
General	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Developmental effects	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Numerical measures of toxicity					
Acute toxicity estimates Not available.					

## Section 12. Ecological information

### United States

**Toxicity** 

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

## Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	-		Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg
						Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg <u>Special provisions</u> 153, N82
TDG Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75
Mexico Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLES	2.1	-		<u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277
	ļ	8935	I			

#### 4: \_ . .

ADR/RID Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2	-		Limited quantity LQ2 Special provisions 190 327 625
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1			Tunnel code       (D)       Emergency schedules
	0111000		2.1			(EmS) F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 959
IATA-DGR Class	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	-	× ×	Passenger and CargoAircraft Quantity limitation:75 kg Packaging instructions:203Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation:150 kg Packaging instructions:203Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation:9 ackaging instructions:203Special provisions A145

PG\* : Packing group

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Ŭ	
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isobutane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information of	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312	: Not applicable.
<u>VIIIIVIII</u>	
	8935

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification

: Fire hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### **State regulations**

Ma	ssa	ichu	setts

: The following components are listed: ISOBUTANE

New York

- None of the components are listed.
  The following components are listed: Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-
- New Jersey Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: PROPANE, 2-METHYL-

### California Prop. 65

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. This product is not known to the State of California to cause cancer. Not available.

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

2

Not listed.

### <u>Canada</u>

WHMIS (Canada)	<ul> <li>Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).</li> <li>Class B-5: Flammable aerosol.</li> </ul>
<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Butane (all isomers)
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory	: Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification



## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 7/12/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/12/2016
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 0.01
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

8935